

# Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2024 to 2025 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

## School overview

Detail	Data
School name	St Thomas' CE Primary Academy
Number of pupils in school	418
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	28%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers ( <b>3 year plans are recommended</b> )	2021-2022 to 2023-August 2024
Date this statement was published	July 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	March 25
Statement authorised by	Joanne Sharples Head Teacher
Pupil premium lead	Charlotte Morris Assistant Head Teacher
Governor / Trustee lead	Lead of disadvantaged children

## Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£135,072
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£13,050
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	NA
<b>Total budget for this academic year</b> If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£148,122

# Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

## Statement of intent

Our school vision is at the heart beat of our school, “Encouraging each other, overflowing with hope,” allows children to flourish and ensures our commitment to the raising of standards for every child. This funding helps provide the support, resources and challenge that children will require in order to make and support progress.

It is important to recognise that all children and situations are unique and require various approaches. Through quality first teaching, the team at St. Thomas’ are aware of the strengths and areas of improvement needed. We seek to provide the appropriate provision that addresses all vulnerable groups’ needs and ensures they are supported appropriately. Through analysis of needs, the team will identify the priority groups and individuals to provide intervention. Not all children will receive this at one time.

Alongside research with the EEF, the context and challenges have been taken into consideration for the disadvantaged. Some of these include; less support at home, complex family situations as well as some behavioural and medical needs.

### Demography and Context

St. Thomas’ CE Primary Academy is part of a Trust with nine schools located, which is in Boston a market town within Lincolnshire. We are a two-form entry school with a high demand for places.

### Ultimate aims

- To narrow the attainment gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils nationally and also within internal school data.
- For all disadvantaged pupils in school to exceed nationally expected progress rates in order to reach Age Related Expectation at the end of Year 6 and as result achieve qualifications later on in life.

## Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Poor language and communication skills on entry

2	Low attainment on entry to EYFS in some areas
3	Low self-esteem and poor emotional well-being
4	Low attainment in times tables
5	Lack of opportunities and experiences

## Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Pupils can engage in conversation in and out of the learning environment with improved speaking and listening skills	<p>Pupils ask and respond to questions to peers and adults in and out of the classroom. Pupils are able to communicate their needs and feelings orally.</p> <p>Pupils use their vocabulary and language within play, different subjects and in their leadership roles. The children use their speaking and listening to support them in writing.</p>
Pupils will have access to a broad and balanced curriculum	<p>Academic, social and emotional barriers are removed through a variety of carefully planned tasks and/or interventions including the use of scaffolds and adaptations.</p> <p>The curriculum is inclusive of all pupils and promotes the importance of all subjects. As a result of spiralling concepts children will be able to know more, remember more do more.</p> <p>Pupils become experts in their subjects.</p>
<p>Pupils achieve their potential</p> <p>PP children will make at least expected progress and will achieve the expected attainment levels at different milestones:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GLD in EYFS</li> <li>• Y1 phonics screening</li> <li>• KS1 R, W, M, GPS</li> <li>• Y3,4,5 (standardised score &gt;94) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Y4 multiplication check</li> </ul> </li> <li>• KS2 R, W, M, GPS</li> </ul>	<p>Through pre-teach strategies, interventions such as RWI Fresh Start, Mobilise and Quality First Teaching at all times, PP children make at least expected progress at all the key primary school milestones.</p>
Pupils and families will be supported emotionally and socially	<p>In class and with the guidance of the SENDCo. Learning Mentor and outside agencies, support and guidance will be recommended, accessed and provided.</p> <p>There is parental engagement to support pupils' needs through activities sent home,</p>

	held within school and through the support of EHA.
Ensure a wide range of activities and experiences are promoted and weaved into the curriculum	Access to high quality cultural capital opportunities for all PP children to ensure a broad and balanced curriculum, and a wide variety of experiences is clearly mapped out by subject leaders . Extra-curricular clubs target pupils and encourage pupils with their passions and unique opportunities.

## Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

## Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £48,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
<p>Use of class teacher and teaching assistants to target all year groups in interventions in Reading, Writing and Maths (multiplications and NCTEM KS1 Daily Maths)</p>	<p>Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind in small groups. EEF +5 months</p> <p>Small group tuition = toolkit stand – EEF (RWI Phonics and Fresh Start programme)</p> <p>Reading comprehension interventions EEF tool kit + 6months</p>	<p>2,3,4,5</p>
<p>Learning Mentor to deliver social and emotional interventions and learning interventions</p>	<p>NFER research 2015 has identified that addressing attendance and behaviour is a key building block in raising disadvantaged pupils' attainment.</p> <p>EEF Toolkit highlights the use of social and emotional learning can boost progress by an additional +4 months and behaviour interventions and parental involvement can add up to +3 months.</p> <p><a href="https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/primary-sel">https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/primary-sel</a></p> <p>With the additional need for Early Health Assessments and Children's Services involvement to be contacted or written, support is required.</p>	<p>1,3,4,5</p>
<p>CPD internally and externally to evaluate and develop the curriculum to ensure meets the needs of all learners</p>	<p><a href="https://culturallearningalliance.org.uk/what-is-cultural-capital/">https://culturallearningalliance.org.uk/what-is-cultural-capital/</a></p> <p>The work given enables pupils, over time and across the school, to consistently achieve the aims of the curriculum, which is coherently planned and sequenced towards cumulatively sufficient knowledge and skills for future learning and employment'</p> <p>Ofsted School Inspection Handbook 2023</p>	<p>1,2,4,5</p>

	PDMs have been carefully planned and mapped out to train staff further in the reviewing and recommending ways to teach new knowledge, support and target key groups and support the teaching in the classroom following the teaching principles and subject progression grids.	
Continuation of refining the delivery of Phonics  Purchasing additional RWI books for EYFS and KS1 and Fresh Start for KS2	<p>According to the EEF toolkit, by embedding reading comprehension strategies it can increase progress by +6 months.</p> <p>It is recognised that fidelity to a scheme on <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/phonics-teaching-materials-core-criteria-and-self-assessment/validation-of-systematic-synthetic-phonics-programmes-supporting-documentation">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/phonics-teaching-materials-core-criteria-and-self-assessment/validation-of-systematic-synthetic-phonics-programmes-supporting-documentation</a> and access to decodable books should secure the children's knowledge and understanding.</p> <p>EYFS use Concept Cat as an additional vocabulary programme to support pupils to learn language concepts. This has been planned throughout the year and supports children making links with other curriculum areas i.e. Maths and Science and in their inside and outside play.</p> <p>UKS2 will continue to use Fresh Start as an intervention tool this year to support the reading and writing development.</p> <p>Those that have not passed the phonics test in Y2, will now access a specific synthetic programme recommended by SEND Hub.</p>	1,2,3

## Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £62,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Use of an additional teacher Y1,2,3 for 1:1 RWI phonics	The 'headline' attainment measure at Y1 for Phonics was 90% for the cohort and 81% for PP. In Reading at the end of KS1, the cohort 68% met ARE expectations and 67%	1,2,3

	<p>achieved ARE in the DA group closing the gap.</p> <p>The EEF research has shown that 1:1 has a slighter higher rate of progress of +5 months.</p>	
WELCOM programme for Speech and Language	<p>On entry to Reception 50% entered at age related expectations (CL and PSED) and they leave at least inline with the national average. The EEF toolkit identifies that oral language interventions can boost progress by +6 months.</p> <p>The Nuffield Early Language Programme evaluations found children made on average 3 months of additional progress in language.</p>	1,2,3,5
Use of additional teaching assistant in EYFS focusing on language		1,2,3, 5
Additional interventions delivered by teachers and teacher assistants	<p>To help remove barriers to learning and provide the supportive approach to the day, the EEF tool kit has shown that it can increase progress by + 4 months as well an interventions with teaching assistants across the school. This will begin in EYFS with Speech and Language and Phonics.</p> <p>Tutoring for pupils 1:1 or small groups will target those disadvantaged pupils not on track to be ARE.</p>	1,3,4

## Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £38,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Breakfast Club	<p>Although the EEF has revised its findings about the impact of Breakfast Clubs, it still recognises that for KS1 it has a positive effect on behaviour and progress of +2 months and still reduces the number of children being hungry.</p>	1,3,4, 5
Adult support to lead targeted 1:1 academic and social and	<p>Interventions removing a barrier so early in the day and daily reading or phonics support can be seen through research in the previous evidence.</p> <p>Breakfast Clubs Education Endowment Foundation EEF</p>	

emotional interventions	<a href="https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/metacognition">https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/metacognition</a>	
Food provision	Use of the Road Hog bus	
Resources including Mindfulness for academic and social and emotional targeted activities	Well-being Wednesday – planned out each half term Lunch time equipment and games including with the support of Playground Leaders. Access to the MHST Individual pathways for children to support accessing the classroom and the curriculum	
Extra and unique experiences linked to subjects for key year groups	‘The school goes beyond the expected, so that pupils have access to a wide, rich set of experiences.’ Ofsted Handbook’ (September 2023)	

**Total budgeted cost: £ 148,000**

## Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

### Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2023 to 2024 and a review of the current academic year.

July 2024-Data through internal and statutory assessments showed that the attainment gap for disadvantaged pupils compared to non-disadvantaged pupils has begun to close as a result of the swift identification of pupils needing support and interventions put in place throughout the school day including at Breakfast Club by teachers and teaching assistants, SENDCO and learning mentors. Progress in KS2 saw 77% of PP children secure positive progress in Reading and 87% in Writing. Maths increased from previous years and saw 62% making positive progress (9% making accelerated progress jumping from WTS to GDS in both Reading and Maths).

July 2024-EYFS have closed much of the gap with 75% of DA children compared to 70% of non-DA children achieved GLD. In KS1, the disadvantaged are closing the gap with non-DA group in Maths 73% compared to 77%. In Reading, the gap has closed at 66% but at striving at

Currently, Y3-5 DA pupils are beginning to close the gap with non- DA for Maths and Writing and have closed the gap in Reading as they are working in line at 73%. In Year 6, DA pupils have begun closing the gap in reading at 62% and non DA are 67%. In Writing, the DA children have slightly outperformed the cohort.

Deploying an extra adult for Phonics coaching and smaller group sizes in Phonics, results showed positive progress for Y1 94% for DA. Teaching assistants were deployed to target DA children in reading fluency and Phonics – RWI Fresh Start across the school.

As a school, we continue to recognise that the oracy of the children was on a decline as a result of the pandemic and so with the use of an additional teaching assistant in EYFS and using the speech and language programme 'Neli', pupils both disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged improved significantly in terms in communicating but communicating clearly and confidently for parts of the year.

Leadership opportunities have been devised this year to promote oracy and to see the vision in action i.e. The Church School Council, Junior Safeguarding Leaders, Playground Leaders, Mini Police, House and Sports Captains, Librarians, Digi Leaders and many subject experts. After applying and being interviewed for the roles, these children would deliver Collective Worship, educate other children and promote their enthusiasm for school life as wonderful role models. This will continue next year too but trying to take these into the community.

The Curriculum with the key drivers – Happy and Healthy, Safe and Secure, Aspiring to Achieve and Relationships has ensured that clearly mapped out experiences and opportunities have been devised. For example, first aid, bike ability, cleaning teeth, Road Hog bus etc... These have already been reviewed, planned and thought of carefully to ensure they are rich and something extraordinary for next year too. Extracurricular activities had been carefully selected and were used to target children to develop their skills and their own aspirations with 75% attending each term.

The Learning Mentor have worked closely with this group and others 1:1 or in small groups across the school focusing on the emotional well-being of children to gently support remove any barriers in order for them to access and improve learning and flourish in many areas. They provided interventions and liaised with outside agencies such as Healthy Minds, Art Therapy, Grief and Loss etc... as well as ensuring parents were supported too. Many children were invited and targeted in Breakfast Club too (21% of PP accepted and attended). The Learning Mentor has facilitated individual pathways for certain children too.

## Externally provided programmes

*Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England*

Programme	Provider
Mastering Number Programme	Maths Hub
WELCOM	GL Assessment

## Service pupil premium funding (optional)

*For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:*

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	Learning Mentor support for Service PP children when required, which included meetings with parents.
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	Ensuring Service PP children are ready emotionally to learn; developing emotional resilience and attendance at Breakfast Club.

## Further information (optional)

### Additional activity

Our pupil premium strategy will be supplemented by additional activity that is not being funded by pupil premium or recovery premium. That will include: utilising a DfE grant to train a senior mental health lead. The training we have selected will focus on the training needs identified through the online tool: to develop our understanding of our pupils' needs, give pupils a voice in how we address wellbeing, and support more effective collaboration with parents.

Offering a wide range of high-quality extracurricular activities to boost wellbeing, behaviour, attendance and aspirations. Activities will focus on building life skills to develop our children into being caring, creative, critical thinkers, collaborators and communicators. Disadvantaged pupils will be encouraged and supported to participate. We will utilise our Leadership roles and opportunities target disadvantaged pupils to help raise their aspirations.

### Planning, implementation, and evaluation

In planning our Pupil Premium strategy, we examined the gaps and needs of our children which have arisen and examined a range of evidence – this included our assessment data from 2023-2024, discussions with teachers, observations of children, scrutinies of books and pupil interviews.

In implementing the strategy, we explored a range of EEF guidance and information from the DfE to help us identify the pupils' needs and which activities would have the most impact on our children. We are keen to use a range of evidence to support the approaches which we use in school, which is something the EEF guidance and documents have been useful as a reference point.

We will be evaluating the impact of actions from the strategy at different points – we understand that it is important to do this regularly and make suitable adjustments to the plan to secure better outcomes for pupils.

### Year 6 PP Information

	Reading	Maths	Writing
2024	63%	69%	78%
2023	71%	42%	57%
2022	73%	64%	55%
2019 Published	38%	54%	85%